

U.S. Department of Justice

Carmen M. Ortiz
United States Attorney
District of Massachusetts

Main Reception: (617) 748-3100

John Joseph Moakley United States Courthouse 1 Courthouse Way Suite 9200 Boston, Massachusetts 02210

February 1, 2013

Neil F. Faigel, Esq. 15 Chestnut Street Andover, MA 01810

Re:

U.S. v. Aibun Eng,

Criminal No. 11-10212-JLT

Dear Counsel:

This letter sets forth the Agreement between the United States Attorney for the District of Massachusetts ("the U.S. Attorney") and your client, Aibun Eng ("Defendant"), in the above-referenced case. The Agreement is as follows:

1. Change of Plea

At the earliest practicable date, Defendant shall plead guilty to so much of Count One of the above-referenced Indictment as charges conspiracy to possess with intent to distribute and to distribute marijuana in violation of 21 U.S.C. §846. Defendant expressly and unequivocally admits that he committed the crime of conspiracy to possess with intent to distribute and to distribute marijuana charged in Count One of the Indictment, did so knowingly and intentionally, and is in fact guilty of that offense.

Defendant acknowledges that the drugs for which he admits responsibility were stored and tested at the Massachusetts Department of Public Health William A. Hinton Laboratory in Jamaica Plain before being transferred to the custody of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and that the drug certifications issued are therefore subject to challenge. Defendant agrees to plead guilty to the Indictment because he knows and agrees that the substance involved in his case is in fact at least ten kilograms of marijuana.

2. Penalties

Defendant faces the following mandatory minimum and maximum penalties as to Count One:

- (a) a maximum term of twenty years' imprisonment;
- (b) a maximum fine of \$1,000,000;
- (c) a mandatory term of supervised release of at least three years up to life;
- (d) a mandatory \$100 special assessment; and
- (e) forfeiture to the extent charged in the Indictment.

Defendant also recognizes that pleading guilty may have consequences with respect to his immigration status if he is not a citizen of the United States. Under federal law, a broad range of crimes are removable offenses, including the offense to which Defendant is pleading guilty. Removal and other immigration consequences are the subject of a separate proceeding, however, and Defendant understands that no one, including defense counsel and the District Court, can predict to a certainty the effect of this conviction on Defendant's immigration status. Defendant nevertheless affirms his decision to plead guilty regardless of any immigration consequences that this plea may entail, even if the consequence is Defendant's automatic removal from the United States.

3. Sentencing Guidelines

The sentence to be imposed upon Defendant is within the discretion of the District Court ("Court"), subject to the statutory mandatory minimum and maximum penalties set forth above, and the provisions of the Sentencing Reform Act, and the United States Sentencing Guidelines promulgated thereunder. The Sentencing Guidelines are advisory, not mandatory and, as a result, the Court may impose a sentence up to and including the statutory maximum term of imprisonment and statutory maximum fine. In imposing the sentence, the Court must consult and take into account the Sentencing Guidelines, along with the other factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. §3553(a).

The parties agree as follows with respect to the application of the United States Sentencing Guidelines:

(a) Base Offense Level

The parties stipulate that Defendant is responsible for between 10 and 20 kilograms of marijuana. Pursuant to USSG §2D1.1(c)(12), Defendant's base offense level is 16.

(b) Safety Valve

Defendant will take the position that the Court should apply USSG §5C1.2 and 18 U.S.C. §3553(f) and impose a sentence without regard to the statutory minimum-mandatory sentence that is otherwise applicable in this case. Defendant also will take the position that, pursuant to USSG §2D1.1(b)(16), his offense level should be reduced by two levels.

The U.S. Attorney will recommend applying USSG §5C1.2 and 18 U.S.C. §3553(f) if the U.S. Probation Office finds that Defendant meets the requirements of §5C1.2(a)(1)-(4) and the U.S. Attorney finds that Defendant has personally satisfied §5C1.2(a)(5). Based on the information presently available to her, the U.S. Attorney presently that she will take the position at sentencing that Defendant has satisfied §5C1.2(a)(5).

Defendant recognizes and acknowledges that, if the Court declines to apply USSG §5C1.2 and 18 U.S.C. §3553(f), Defendant will not receive an additional two-level reduction pursuant to USSG §2D1.1(b)(16).

(c) Role in the Offense

The parties agree that Defendant should receive neither an aggravating nor mitigating adjustment for his role in the offense.

(d) Acceptance of Responsibility

Based on Defendant's prompt acceptance of personal responsibility for the offense of conviction in this case, and information known to the U.S. Attorney at this time, the U.S. Attorney agrees to recommend that the Court reduce Defendant's Adjusted Offense Level under USSG §3E1.1 by two levels, or three levels if the Court declines to apply USSG §5C1.2.

The U.S. Attorney specifically reserves the right not to recommend a reduction under USSG §3E1.1 if, at any time between Defendant's execution of this Agreement and sentencing Defendant:

- (1) Fails to admit a complete factual basis for the plea;
- (2) Fails to truthfully admit his conduct in the offense of conviction;
- (3) Falsely denies, or frivolously contests, relevant conduct for which Defendant is accountable under USSG §1B1.3;
- (4) Fails to provide truthful information about his financial status;
- (5) Gives false or misleading testimony in any proceeding relating to the criminal conduct charged in this case and any relevant conduct for which Defendant is accountable under USSG §1B1.3;
- (6) Engages in acts which form a basis for finding that Defendant has obstructed or impeded the administration of justice under USSG §3C1.1;
- (7) Intentionally fails to appear in Court or violates any condition of

release;

- (8) Commits a crime;
- (9) Transfers any asset protected under any provision of this Agreement; or
- (10) Attempts to withdraw his guilty plea.

Defendant expressly understands that he may not withdraw his plea of guilty if, for any of the reasons listed above, the U.S. Attorney does not recommend that he receive a reduction in Offense Level for acceptance of responsibility.

Defendant expressly understands that, in addition to declining to recommend an acceptance-of-responsibility adjustment, the U.S. Attorney may seek an upward adjustment pursuant to USSG §3C1.1 if Defendant obstructs justice after the date of this Agreement.

(e) Criminal History Category

The parties have no agreement as to Defendant's Criminal History Category.

(f) Departures From the Guidelines

In the event Defendant contends that there is a basis for departure from, or a sentence outside, the otherwise applicable Sentencing Guideline range based on his medical, mental and/or emotional condition, or otherwise intends to rely on any such condition at sentencing, Defendant will, forthwith upon request, execute all releases and other documentation necessary to permit the U.S. Attorney and her experts (including medical personnel of the Bureau of Prisons) to obtain access to Defendant's medical, psychiatric, and psychotherapeutic records and will also provide to the U.S. Attorney forthwith copies of any such records already in his possession. In addition, Defendant will authorize his care providers to discuss his condition with the U.S. Attorney and her agents (including medical personnel of the Bureau of Prisons), as well as experts retained by the U.S. Attorney. Defendant also agrees to submit to examinations and interviews with experts retained by and chosen by the U.S. Attorney (including medical personnel of the Bureau of Prisons).

The U.S. Attorney expressly reserves the right to seek an upward departure pursuant to USSG §4A1.3 should any of Defendant's prior state convictions be vacated or Defendant's Criminal History Category otherwise change after his indictment in this case. Thus, for example, the U.S. Attorney may contend that an upward departure under §4A1.3 is appropriate if a state-court conviction that existed at the time of Defendant's indictment is vacated and that vacation alters Defendant's Criminal History Category.

The U.S. Attorney reserves the right to oppose Defendant's argument(s) for a departure or a sentence outside the Guidelines under the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. §3553(a).

4. Sentence Recommendation

The U.S. Attorney agrees to recommend the following sentence before the Court:

- (a) incarceration within the Sentencing Guideline range as calculated by the Court;
- (b) a fine within the Sentencing Guideline range as calculated by the Court, unless the Court finds that Defendant is not able and, even with the use of a reasonable installment schedule, is not likely to become able to pay a fine;
- (c) 36 months of supervised release;
- (d) mandatory special assessment in the amount of \$100; and
- (e) forfeiture as set forth in Paragraph 9.

Defendant agrees that he will provide to the U.S. Attorney expert reports, motions, memoranda of law and documentation of any kind on which he intends to rely at sentencing not later than twenty-one days before sentencing. Any basis for sentencing with respect to which all expert reports, motions, memoranda of law and documentation have not been provided to the U.S. Attorney at least twenty-one days before sentencing shall be deemed waived.

5. Payment of Mandatory Special Assessment

Defendant agrees to pay the mandatory special assessment to the Clerk of the Court on or before the date of sentencing, unless Defendant establishes to the satisfaction of the Court that Defendant is financially unable to do so.

6. Waiver of Rights to Appeal and to Bring Collateral Challenge.

- (a) Defendant has conferred with his attorney and understands that he has the right to challenge both his conviction and his sentence (including any orders relating to supervised release, fines, forfeiture, and restitution) on direct appeal. Defendant also understands that he may, in some circumstances, be able to argue in a future (collateral) challenge, such as pursuant to a motion under 28 U.S.C. §2255, 28 U.S.C. §2241 or 18 U.S.C. §3582(c), that his conviction should be set aside or his sentence (including any orders relating to supervised release, fines, forfeiture, and restitution) set aside or reduced.
- (b) Defendant waives any right he has to challenge his conviction on direct appeal or in a collateral challenge.

- (c) Defendant agrees that he will not file a direct appeal nor collaterally challenge any sentence of imprisonment of 16 months or less or any orders relating to supervised release, fines, forfeiture and restitution. This provision is binding even if the Court employs a Guidelines analysis different from that set forth in this Agreement.
- (d) The U.S. Attorney likewise agrees that, regardless of the analysis employed by the Court, the U.S. Attorney will not appeal any imprisonment sentence of 10 months or more.
- (e) Notwithstanding the previous subparagraphs, Defendant reserves the right to claim that Defendant's lawyer was ineffective in connection with the negotiation of this plea agreement or the entry of the guilty plea.

7. Other Post-sentence Events

- (a) In the event that, notwithstanding the waiver provision of Paragraph 6(c), Defendant appeals or collaterally challenges his sentence, the U.S. Attorney reserves the right to argue the correctness of the sentence imposed by the Court (in addition to arguing that any appeal or collateral challenge is waived as a result of the waiver in Paragraph 6).
- (b) If, notwithstanding the waiver provision of Paragraph 6(c), Defendant seeks re-sentencing, he agrees that he will not seek to be re-sentenced with the benefit of any change to the criminal history category that the Court calculated at the time of Defendant's original sentencing, except to the extent that he has been found actually factually innocent of a prior crime. Thus, for example, Defendant will not seek to be re-sentenced based on the set aside of a prior state-court conviction that occurs after sentencing unless he has been found actually factually innocent of that prior crime.
- (c) In the event of a re-sentencing following an appeal from or collateral challenge to Defendant's sentence, the U.S. Attorney reserves the right to seek a departure from the Sentencing Guidelines and a sentence outside the Sentencing Guidelines if, and to the extent, necessary to reinstate the sentence advocated by the U.S. Attorney at Defendant's initial sentencing pursuant to this Agreement.

8. Court Not Bound by Agreement

The sentencing recommendations made by the parties and their respective calculations under the Sentencing Guidelines are not binding upon the U.S. Probation Office or the Court. Within the maximum sentence which Defendant faces under the applicable law, the sentence to be imposed is within the sole discretion of the Court. Defendant's plea will be tendered pursuant to Fed. R. Crim.

6

P. 11(c)(1)(B). Defendant may not withdraw his plea of guilty regardless of what sentence is imposed. Nor may Defendant withdraw his plea because the U.S. Probation Office or the Court declines to follow the Sentencing Guidelines calculations or recommendations of the parties. In the event that the Court declines to follow the Sentencing Guidelines calculations or recommendations of the U.S. Attorney, the U.S. Attorney reserves the right to defend the Court's calculations and sentence in any subsequent appeal or collateral challenge.

9. Forfeiture

Defendant understands that the Court will, upon acceptance of his guilty plea, enter an order of forfeiture as part of his sentence, and that the order of forfeiture may include assets directly traceable to his offense, assets used to facilitate his offense, substitute assets and/or a money judgment equal to the value of the property derived from, or otherwise involved in, the offense.

The assets to be forfeited specifically include, without limitation, the following:

- (a) A money judgment up to the total amount of gross drug proceeds; and
- (b) A white 2000 Honda Odyssey, Massachusetts Registration No. N19060, VIN 2HKRL1866YH590541.

Defendant admits that these assets are subject to forfeiture on the grounds that they constitute, or are derived from, proceeds of Defendant's offense and they were used to facilitate Defendant's offense. Defendant agrees to consent to the entry of orders of forfeiture for such property and waives the requirements of Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 11(b)(1)(J), 32.2 and 43(a) regarding notice of the forfeiture in the charging instrument, advice regarding the forfeiture at the change-of-plea hearing, announcement of the forfeiture at sentencing, and incorporation of the forfeiture in the judgment. Defendant understands and agrees that forfeiture shall not satisfy or affect any fine, lien, penalty, restitution, cost of imprisonment, tax liability or any other debt owed to the United States.

Defendant agrees to assist fully in the forfeiture of the foregoing assets. Defendant agrees to promptly take all steps necessary to pass clear title to the forfeited assets to the United States, including but not limited to executing any and all documents necessary to transfer such title, assisting in bringing any assets located outside of the United States within the jurisdiction of the United States, and taking whatever steps are necessary to ensure that assets subject to forfeiture are not sold, disbursed, wasted, hidden or otherwise made unavailable for forfeiture. Defendant further agrees that he will not assist any third party in asserting a claim to the forfeited assets in an ancillary proceeding and that he will testify truthfully in any such proceeding. In order to assist the United States in locating and forfeiting assets, Defendant shall deliver to the U.S. Attorney within thirty days after signing this Agreement a sworn financial statement disclosing all assets in which Defendant currently has any interest, and all assets over which Defendant has exercised control, or has had any legal or beneficial interest, at any time from January, 2010, to the present. At the request of the U.S. Attorney, Defendant further agrees to be deposed with respect to Defendant's assets.

Defendant further agrees to waive all constitutional, legal and equitable challenges (including

7

direct appeal, habeas corpus, or any other means) to any forfeiture carried out in accordance with this Agreement. Defendant agrees not to challenge or seek review of any civil or administrative forfeiture of any property subject to forfeiture under this Agreement, and will not assist any third party with regard to such challenge or review.

Defendant hereby waives and releases any claims he may have to any vehicles, currency, or other personal property seized by the United States, or seized by any state or local law enforcement agency and turned over to the United States, during the investigation and prosecution of this case, and consents to the forfeiture of all such assets. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Defendant hereby specifically waives and releases his claims to a white 2000 Honda Odyssey, Massachusetts Registration No. N19060, VIN 2HKRL1866YH590541, seized by, or turned over to, the Federal Bureau of Investigation on or about May 27, 2011, as to which, Defendant hereby acknowledges, Defendant received actual notice of administrative or civil judicial forfeiture proceedings.

10. <u>Information For Presentence Report</u>

Defendant agrees to provide all information requested by the U.S. Probation Office concerning Defendant's assets.

11. <u>Civil Liability</u>

By entering into this Agreement, the U.S. Attorney does not compromise any civil liability, including but not limited to any tax liability, which Defendant may have incurred or may incur as a result of his conduct and his plea of guilty to the charges specified in Paragraph 1 of this Agreement.

12. Rejection of Plea by Court

Should Defendant's guilty plea not be accepted by the Court for whatever reason, or later be withdrawn on motion of Defendant, this Agreement shall be null and void at the option of the U.S. Attorney.

13. <u>Breach of Agreement</u>

If the U.S. Attorney determines that Defendant has failed to comply with any provision of this Agreement, has violated any condition of his pretrial release, or has committed any crime following his execution of this Agreement, the U.S. Attorney may, at her sole option, be released from her commitments under this Agreement in their entirety by notifying Defendant, through counsel or otherwise, in writing. The U.S. Attorney may also pursue all remedies available to her under the law, irrespective of whether she elects to be released from her commitments under this Agreement. Further, the U.S. Attorney may pursue any and all charges which have been, or are to be, dismissed pursuant to this Agreement. Defendant recognizes that no such breach by him of an obligation under this Agreement shall give rise to grounds for withdrawal of his guilty plea.

8 2.23.11

Defendant understands that, should he breach any provision of this Agreement, the U.S. Attorney will have the right to use against Defendant before any grand jury, at any trial or hearing, or for sentencing purposes, any statements which may be made by Defendant, and any information, materials, documents or objects which may be provided by Defendant to the government subsequent to this Agreement, or pursuant to the proffer agreement dated September 28, 2011, without any limitation. In this regard, Defendant hereby waives any defense to any charges which Defendant might otherwise have based upon any statute of limitations, the constitutional protection against preindictment delay, or the Speedy Trial Act.

14. Who Is Bound By Agreement

This Agreement is limited to the U.S. Attorney for the District of Massachusetts, and cannot and does not bind the Attorney General of the United States or any other federal, state or local prosecutive authorities.

15. Complete Agreement

This letter contains the complete agreement between the parties. representations or agreements have been made other than those set forth in this letter and in the proffer letter dated September 28, 2011. This Agreement supersedes prior understandings, if any, of the parties, whether written or oral, including the Plea Agreement signed by James Lang on June 18, 2012, and Aibun Eng on July 10, 2012, which Agreement was never filed in court, with the sole exception of those contained in the proffer letter dated September 28, 2011 (subject to Paragraph 13, above). This Agreement can be modified or supplemented only in a written memorandum signed by the parties or on the record in court.

If this letter accurately reflects the agreement between the U.S. Attorney and Defendant, please have Defendant sign the Acknowledgment of Agreement below. Please also sign below as Witness. Return the original of this letter to Assistant U.S. Attorney Timothy E. Moran.

Very truly yours,

CARMEN M. ORTIZ United States Attorney

By:

Chief, Criminal Division

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF PLEA AGREEMENT

I have read this letter or I have had this letter read to me in my native language in its entirety and discussed it with my attorney. I hereby acknowledge that it fully sets forth my agreement with the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Massachusetts. I further state that no additional promises or representations have been made to me by any official of the United States in connection with this matter. I understand the crimes to which I have agreed to plead guilty, the maximum penalties for those offenses and Sentencing Guideline penalties potentially applicable to them. I am satisfied with the legal representation provided to me by my attorney. We have had sufficient time to meet and discuss my case. We have discussed the charges against me, possible defenses I might have, the terms of this Plea Agreement and whether I should go to trial. I am entering into this Agreement freely, voluntarily, and knowingly because I am guilty of the offenses to which I am pleading guilty and I believe this Agreement is in my best interest.

AIBUN BNG

Defendan

Date: 3/4//3

I certify that Aibun Eng has read this Agreement or has had this Agreement read to him in his native language and that we have discussed its meaning. I believe he understands the Agreement and is entering into the Agreement freely, voluntarily and knowingly.

NEIL F. FAIGEL

Attorney for Aibun Eng

Date: 3 4 17